

Aminocore Complex Liquid

Product description

What is it?

Aminocore complex is a short chain peptides and L- α -amino acid-based product from enzymatic hydrolysis for foliar application. The product contains a high concentration of free amino acids, fulvic acids and plant extracts

Crops:

Aminocore complex can be applied to all types of crops: leaf vegetables, fruit vegetables, strawberries, stone fruit trees, pome fruit trees, citrus, olive trees, vines, tropical fruit trees, industrial crops, field crops, etc.

Dose:

Apply 2 to 4 sprays at 2-3 mL/L or 2-3 L/ha. In the event of significant stress, the dose or frequency can be increased.

Application time:

It is advisable to use the product during periods when the crop needs a physiological stimulus, such as:

- Start of the plant's vegetative cycle, as soon as it has sufficient leaf mass
- Flower initiation, pre-flowering and petalfalling phase
- Fruit development

Aminocore complex is also recommended for use when the crop is subjected to adverse conditions (drought, cold, salinity, wind, root asphyxia, etc.) and for plant recovery following critical periods (transplanting, damage due to frost, hail, wind, etc.).

Datasheet

| Composition | |
|----------------------|-------------|
| Free L-α-amino acids | 15% (w/w) |
| Total amino acids | 22% (w/w) |
| Total nitrogen (N) | 3,7% (w/w) |
| Organic Nitrogen (N) | 3,7% (w/w) |
| Organic Carbon (C) | 15% (w/w) |
| Fulvic acids | 3% (w/w) |
| Herbal extract | 15% (w/w) |
| Ash | 4,2 % (w/w) |
| Chlorides (CL) | 0,1% (w/w) |
| Organic matter | 25% (w/w) |
| Dry matter | >35% |
| Specific weight | 1150 kg/m3 |
| рН | 5,8 |
| | |

The product contains all biologically active free amino acids: ASP, SER, GLU, GLY, HIS, ARG, THR, ALA, PRO, CIS, TYR, VAL, MET, LYS, ILE, LEU, PHE, TRP



Free Amino Acid Profile

| -amino acid | g/kg product | | | | |
|---|---|--|--|--|--|
| nine | 11,28 | | | | |
| inine | 4,64 | | | | |
| artic Acid | 11,04 | | | | |
| tine | 0,4 | | | | |
| tamine | 13,28 | | | | |
| cine | 7,52 | | | | |
| cidine | 4,72 | | | | |
| lroxyproline | 0,35 | | | | |
| eucine | 8,48 | | | | |
| cine | 16,64 | | | | |
| ine | 14,16 | | | | |
| | | | | | |
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| | | | | | |
| | | | | | |
| hionine nylalanine line ne rine eonine ptophan osine ne | 4,4 7,76 8,56 8,56 0,88 9,5 1,8 7,04 10,88 are indicative and | | | | |

can vary slightly per bath

Packaging

IBC: 1000 l CANNISTER: 20 l

Storage information

Product is stable when stored under normal undiluted conditions. The original product in the state in which it is delivered is hazard–free concerning the transmission of pathogens. Close package properly after the use, store in a frost-free place and avoid storage at direct sunlight!

Shake well before use.

Distributed by



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Aminocore Complex Liquid

| Cultures | Consumption rate | Time of application (spray or drench) | Biological effectiveness |
|--------------------------------|---|--|---|
| Vegetables & small fruits | 2-3 ml/liter 2-3 liter/ha | When transplanting the seedlings or 1-2 days after planting, repeat after 7 days. Then every 15-20 days prior to fruiting. | Increased flowering and fruit setting as well as early production of uniform crops |
| Top Fruits | 2-3 ml/liter 2-3 liter/ha | Every 15-20 days prior to fruiting. | Increases flower setting, calibre and weight, while improving the absorption of deficiency correctors |
| Cereals-Rape | 2-3 ml/liter 2-3 liter/ha | Apply at important growth stages like booting and flower set and before/at stress moments. | Makes cereals more resistant to extreme temperatures and drought, enhances growth in spring and increases the effectiveness of pesticide treatments |
| Potatoes | 3 ml/liter 3 liter/ha | Start treatment when the plants reach a height of 15 cm and repeat every 20-25 days. | Increases productivity. Formation of tubers of similar size. |
| Seedlings | 1-2 ml/liter 1-2 liter/ha | Every 14 days until the planting in a greenhouse or the open ground | More sustainable and healthier plants, better root development. |
| Forage-prairies | 2-3 ml/liter 2-3 liter/ha | Every 3-4 weeks | Shortens growth cycles, helps roots recovery and increases biomass |
| Ornamental plants & flowers | 2.0 ml/liter 2 liter /ha | Apply every 2 nd week. | Increases sturdiness and improves leaf and flower colour |
| Citrus | 2-3 ml/liter 2-3 liter/ha | During flowering and once repeated after flowering. Also apply at the beginning of fruit growth. | Stimulates flower fertilization, increases the percentage of fruit set and more uniform fruit |
| Olives | 2-3 ml/liter 2-3 liter/ha | During flowering and once repeated after flowering. Also apply at the beginning of fruit growth. | Stimulates setting and increases oil yield and reduces acidity |
| Tropical plantations | 2-3 ml/liter 2-3 liter/ha | Each 4 weeks | Improves development and prevents crop loss due to increased stress resistance |
| Grapes | 2-3 ml/liter 2-3 liter/ha | During flowering and once repeated after flowering. Also apply at the beginning of fruit growth. | Increases setting and raises the sugar content and gape colour and uniformity |
| Home growers | Spray application 1-3 ml/liter Drench application 0,2-1ml/liter | Combine application with standard nutrition up to 1 week before the end of the flowering stage | Stimulates the production of leaf green and therefore the formation of resin and crystals resulting in an improved flavor, taste and efficacy |

Laboratory report

Nutricontrol-2016023195-V03



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6199 AC MAASTRICHT

: D05979 **Customer number**

Sample characteristics

Sample number : M1600449898 Date Sample recieved : 05-04-2016 Productname : Aminocore complex

External code : 1

Product code customer : F0123

Lot/batch/charge number : Cas nr. 100085-61-8 Sampling date : 08-04-2016

| Parameter | | Method | | Result | Unit | |
|------------------|-----------|----------------|---|--------|------|--|
| Moisture 103°C | (4 hrs) | ANAL-10032 Q (| G | 671 | g/kg | |
| Crude Protein (I | N = 6,25) | ANAL-10005 Q | G | 241 | g/kg | |
| Crude Ash (550 |)°C) | ANAL-10028 Q | G | 48 | g/kg | |
| Organic matter | | ANAL-10153 | | 281 | g/kg | |
| Amino acids | | | | | | |
| Alanine | | ANAL-10018 Q | G | 14,9 | g/kg | |
| Arginine | | ANAL-10018 Q (| G | 9,6 | g/kg | |
| Aspartic acid | | ANAL-10018 Q | G | 19,3 | g/kg | |
| Cysteine | | ANAL-10018 Q | G | 2,5 | g/kg | |
| Glutamic acid | | ANAL-10018 Q | G | 28,0 | g/kg | |
| Glycine | | ANAL-10018 Q (| G | 16,0 | g/kg | |
| Histidine | | ANAL-10018 Q | G | 5,2 | g/kg | |
| Hydroxyproline | | ANAL-10018 Q | G | 1,6 | g/kg | |
| iso-Leucine | | ANAL-10018 Q | G | 11,2 | g/kg | |
| Leucine | | ANAL-10018 Q | G | 21,9 | g/kg | |
| Lysine | | ANAL-10018 Q | G | 19,6 | g/kg | |
| Methionine | | ANAL-10018 Q | G | 5,6 | g/kg | |
| Phenylalanine | | ANAL-10018 Q | G | 10,2 | g/kg | |
| Proline | | ANAL-10018 Q | G | 12,2 | g/kg | |
| Serine | | ANAL-10018 Q | G | 11,4 | g/kg | |
| Threonine | | ANAL-10018 Q (| G | 12,0 | g/kg | |
| Tyrosine | | ANAL-10018 Q | G | 9,0 | g/kg | |
| Valine | | ANAL-10018 Q (| G | 14,6 | g/kg | |
| Tryptophan | | ANAL-10017 Q | G | 2,81 | g/kg | |
| free Amino acio | <u>ds</u> | | | | | |
| free Alanine | | ANAL-10019 Q | G | 11,3 | g/kg | |
| free Arginine | | ANAL-10019 Q | G | 4,5 | g/kg | |
| free Asparatic a | icid | ANAL-10019 Q | G | 9,6 | g/kg | |
| free Cysteine | | ANAL-10019 Q | G | <0,5 | g/kg | |
| free Glutamic ad | dcid | ANAL-10019 Q | G | 12,0 | g/kg | |
| free Glycine | | ANAL-10019 Q | G | 7,3 | g/kg | |











| free Histidine | ANAL-10019 | Q | G | | 4,2 | g/kg |
|--|------------|---|---|----|--------------|-------|
| free Hydroxyproline | ANAL-10019 | Q | G | | 0,5 | g/kg |
| free iso-Leucine | ANAL-10019 | Q | G | | 8,8 | g/kg |
| free Leucine | ANAL-10019 | Q | G | | 17,5 | g/kg |
| free Lysine | ANAL-10019 | Q | G | | 13,0 | g/kg |
| free Methionine | ANAL-10019 | Q | G | | 4,5 | g/kg |
| free Phenylalanine | ANAL-10019 | Q | G | | 7,7 | g/kg |
| free Proline | ANAL-10019 | Q | G | | 7,3 | g/kg |
| free Serine | ANAL-10019 | Q | G | | 8,4 | g/kg |
| free Taurine | ANAL-10019 | Q | G | | 1,0 | g/kg |
| free Threonine | ANAL-10019 | Q | G | | 8,9 | g/kg |
| free Tyrosine | ANAL-10019 | Q | G | | 7,0 | g/kg |
| free Valine | ANAL-10019 | Q | G | | 11,2 | g/kg |
| free Tryptophan | ANAL-10017 | Q | G | | 2,30 | g/kg |
| Sodium | ANAL-10040 | Q | G | | 15,4 | g/kg |
| Chloride | ANAL-10008 | Q | G | | 0,4 | g/kg |
| Arsenic (As) | ANAL-10222 | Q | G | QS | <1,000 | mg/kg |
| Cadmium (Cd) | ANAL-10222 | Q | G | QS | <0,100 | mg/kg |
| Mercury | ANAL-10222 | Q | G | QS | <0,100 | mg/kg |
| Lead | ANAL-10222 | Q | G | QS | <2,000 | mg/kg |
| TOC (Total Organic Carbon) | External | | | | 14 | % |
| Enterobacteriaceae plate count (no confirmation) | ANAL-10215 | Q | G | | <10 | CFU/g |
| Enterococcen plate count | External | | | | < 10 | CFU/g |
| Escherichia coli | ANAL-10167 | | | | not detected | /25 g |
| Salmonella (PCR) | ANAL-10208 | Q | G | | not detected | /25 g |
| | | | | | | |

Veghel, 12 april 2016

Manager Analytical Services

H.J.M. Lamers

